

What is the Process?

Equity vs. Title IX

The Revised CRRs

- 600.010: Equal Employment/ Educational Opportunity and Nondiscrimination Policy
- 600.020: Sexual Harassment under Title IX
- 600.030: Resolution Process for Resolving Complaints of Sexual Harassment under Title IX
- 600.040: Equity Resolution Process for Resolving Complaints of Discrimination and Harassment against a Faculty Member or Student or Student Organization
- 600.050: Equity Resolution Process for Resolving Complaints of Discrimination or Harassment against a Staff Member or the University of Missouri

What are the differences between 600.010 (Equity) and 600.020 (Title IX)?

- 600.010 pertains to Equity complaints; these are complaints of discrimination or harassment based on an individual's race, color, national origin, ancestry, religion, sexual orientation, age disability, protected veteran status, sex discrimination as defined in 600.010, and any other status protected by law.
- Sex discrimination under 600.010 means: sexual harassment that falls outside the definition of sexual harassment under 600.020, and includes workplace sexual harassment and sex discrimination that does not involve conduct of a sexual nature.
- 600.020 applies to sexual harassment occurring in an education program or activity of the University against a person in the United States.
- "Sexual Harassment" under 600.020 means conduct on the basis of sex that is:
 - Quid pro quo
 -

For conduct falling under 600.020, the Resolution Process is 600.030.

600.030: The Resolution Process for complaints of sexual harassment under Title IX.

This process is available to students and all employees who are named as Respondents.

Under this process, Parties have a right to a hearing with cross-examination and other questioning conducted by Advisors.

The decision-maker for the hearing process is a hearing panel consisting of a Hearing Officer and two individuals randomly chosen from the Equity Resolution Hearing Panel Pool; will try to have panel consist of a faculty member and staff member/administrator from the Pool.

For conduct falling under 600.010, the Resolution Process is either 600.040 or 600.050.

600.040: For complaints of discrimination or harassment against a faculty member, student or student organization.

600.050: For complaints of discrimination or harassment against a staff member or the University.

600.040 vs. 600.050 Equity Resolution Processes

- 600.040 provides for a resolution process that includes the following:
 - Conflict Resolution
 - Administrative Resolution
 - Hearing Panel Process
- 600.050 provides for a resolution process that includes the following:
 - Conflict Resolution
 - Administrative Resolution

Jurisdiction of the University under 600.030 (Title IX)

- Jurisdiction of the University under this policy is limited to sexual harassment which occurs in an education program or activity of the University against a person in the United States.
- Does not apply to sexual harassment occurring outside of the United States, even where the conduct occurs in an education program or activity of the University.

Jurisdiction of the University under 600.040 or 600.050 (Equity)

- Limited to conduct which occurs on University premises or at University-sponsored or University-supervised functions. However, the University may take action for conduct occurring in other settings, including off-campus under certain circumstances.

Making a report and Preliminary Contact under 600.030 (Title IX):



Formal Complaints

- A Formal Complaint must be filed in order for the

Notice of Allegations under 600.030 (Title IX)

- Upon receipt of a Formal Complaint, a **Notice of Allegations** will be sent to the Parties that includes:
 - A description of the University's Title IX process.
 - Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment, including sufficient details known at the time.
 - A statement that the Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Title IX process.
 - Notifying the Parties of their right to have an Advisor of their choice at the hearing, who may, but is not required to be an attorney.

Rights of the Parties...

These are some of the rights of the parties under 600.030:

- To be treated with respect and to be free from retaliation.
- To have access to University support resources.
- To request a no contact directive between the Parties.
- To have a support person of their choice accompany them to all interviews and meetings, excluding the hearing unless the support person is also the party's advisor.
- To receive an investigative report that fairly summarizes the relevant evidence.
- To have an opportunity to present a list of potential witnesses and provide evidence to the Investigator.
- To be informed of the finding, rationale, sanctions and remedial actions.
- To have an opportunity to appeal the dismissal of all or a portion of a Formal Complaint, and appeal the determination of a Hearing Panel or other decision-maker.

Support Person(s)/ Advisor(s) under 600.030 (Title IX)

- **Support Person:** Each Party is allowed one support person of their choice present for all interviews and meetings. The Support person may act as the Party's Advisor.
- **Trained Support Person**

600.030 (Title IX) Investigations

- **Investigation:** Upon receipt of a Formal Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will promptly appoint a trained investigator to investigate the allegations of sexual harassment.
- The burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rests on the University.
- The final investigative report will fairly summarize the relevant evidence; all investigations will be thorough, reliable and impartial.

Dismissal under 600.030

Dismissal of a Formal Complaint:

A Formal Complaint **shall** be dismissed if:

- a. The conduct alleged would not constitute sexual harassment under 600.020 even if proved;
- b. The conduct alleged did not occur in an education program or activity of the University; or
- c. The conduct alleged did not occur against a person in the United States.

A Formal Complaint **may** be dismissed if:

- a. The Complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator that they would like to withdraw the Formal Complaint or any allegations therein;
- b. The Respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by the University; or
- c. Specific circumstances prevent the University from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination.

Hearing Panel Resolution

Hearing Panel

- What is a Hearing Panel?
 - Panel of three members that make a recommendation or finding on each of the alleged University policy violations and sanctions and remedial actions after consideration of evidence presented at a hearing
- Available for both Title IX (600.030) & Equity (600.040) Processes
- How are they similar?
 - Used when a specific complaint is not resolved through an alternate resolution process
 - Comprised of three (3) members
 - Designated Hearing Officer or Chair of Hearing Panel will be selected
 - University Panelists will be selected from the Hearing Panelist Pool
 - Annual training will be required for all Panelists
 - Recommendations or determinations regarding responsibility, sanctions and remedial actions will require a majority vote by the Hearing Panel

Who are the Panel members?

- Title IX Hearing Panel
 - Hearing Officer

Objection/Recusal

- Parties must raise all objections to any panelist in writing to the Title IX Coordinator or Equity Officer at least 15 business days prior to the hearing.
- Hearing Panel members will only be unseated and replaced if the Title IX Coordinator or Equity Officer concludes that **good cause** exists for the removal.
 - Good cause may include, but is not limited to, bias that would preclude an impartial hearing or circumstances in which the Hearing Panel member's involvement could impact the Party's work or learning environment due to current or potential interactions with IXbery

Questions?